

DSHS 13-684B(X) (REV. 08/2001)

## **WELL CHILD EXAM - EARLY**

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	CHILD'S	NAME										DATE OF				BIRTH			
	ALLERGIES											CURRENT MEDICATIONS							
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PARENT ABOU			My child eats a variety of foods.  My child knows his/her name, age and sex.									ES NO  ☐ My child can jump off a step with both feet.  ☐ My child stays dry during the night most of the time.  ☐ I have concerns about my child's hearing/vision.							
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Review of systems  Screening: Hearing Screen  Vision Screen  Development Behavior Social/Emotional Gross Motor Fine Motor Communication Physical: General appearance Skin Head Eyes Ears Nose Oropharynx/Teeth Neck Nodes Mental Health Describe abnormal finding				MHZ R  4000 2000 1000 500  20/ 2  N A					L  O/  Pulses				] Flu Reealth Nu Reealth Nu Ree Control Ree Control Ree	t/Hgb	Fluo	□т	rnish	_	
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## Your Toddler's Health at 3 Years

#### **Milestones**

# Ways your toddler is developing between 3 and 4 years of age.

Can sing a simple song.

Tells you about things he has done.

Knows her first and last names.

Builds towers of 9-10 blocks.

Jumps and hops on one foot.

Tries to draw a person with several parts (such as head, body, legs).

Plays simple games with friends, beginning to share toys.

Enjoys simple picture puzzles.

You help your child learn new skills by playing with her.

## For Help or More Information

## Learn infant and child CPR and first aid: Ask about classes at your local fire station or health department.

## **Car Seat or Booster Seat Questions:**

Safety Restraint Coalition, 1-800-BUCK-L-UP (voice) or 1-800-833-6388 (TTY Relay).

Free developmental screening: Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies Information and Referral Line, 1-800-322-2588 (voice) or 1-800-833-6388 (TTY Relay).

## **Health Tips**

Water is a healthy drink. Offer it instead of sweet drinks with snacks. Your child still needs about two cups of milk each day.

Offer a variety of fruits and vegetables daily.

Help your child brush his teeth every day. Use a tiny pea-sized amount of fluoride toothpaste. Take him for dental checkups at least once a year.

Teach your child to wash her hands well after playing and using the toilet and before eating. Use soap and rub hands together for about 20 seconds.

## **Parenting Tips**

Children learn best by doing. They need to:

- play active games (tag, ball, riding wheeled toys, climbing)
- play imagination games (using dolls, figure toys, story books)
- use toys that use their hands (blocks, big puzzles)

Limit television and computer time to less than one hour daily.

Read to your child every day. Talk with him about the pictures and story.

You are your child's best teacher. She watches how you treat others, eat, exercise, relax, use your seat belt, and cross the street. She tries to be like you.

## Safety Tips

Check your home for hazards often. Your child is not yet old enough to stay away from things that could harm her, like matches, guns, and poisons. Lock them up!

Continue using a car seat until your child weighs 40 pounds. After that, use a booster seat up to about 80 pounds. Keep your child in the back seat.

Make sure he uses a helmet whenever he rides a tricycle, scooter, or other toys with wheels.

## Guidance to Physicians and Nurse Practitioners for Early Childhood (3 years)

The following highlight EPSDT screens where practitioners often have questions. They are not comprehensive guidelines.

#### Fluoride Screen

Check with local health department for fluoride concentration in local water supply, then use clinical judgment in screening. Look for white spots or decay on teeth. Check for history of decay in family.

### **Tuberculosis Screen**

Screen for these risk factors:

- Members of household with tuberculosis or in close contact with those who have the disease.
- In close contact with recent immigrants or refugees from countries in which tuberculosis is common (e.g., Asia, Africa, Central and South America, Pacific Islands); migrant workers; residents of correctional institutions or homeless shelters or persons with certain underlying medical disorders.

#### **Hepatitis B Vaccine**

• For children and adolescents not vaccinated against hepatitis B in infancy, begin the hepatitis B vaccine series during any childhood visit. Give the second dose at least one month after the first dose and give the third dose at least four months after the first dose and at least two months after the second dose.

## **Developmental Milestones**

Always ask parents if they have concerns about development or behavior. You may use the following screening list, or use the Ages and Stages Questionnaire, the Denver II, the ELMS2 (a language screen), or the MacArthur Communications Development Inventory.

Yes	No	
		Washes and dries hands.
		Imitates vertical line.
		Says what to do when tired, cold, hungry.
		Names 4 animals pictures (e.g., cat, dog, bird, horse).
		Identifies 2 animals pictures: "Which flies? Meows? Barks? Gallops'
		Throws ball overhand.
		Pedals tricycle.
		Says "no!" often.
		Persistent encholalia (repeating what was just said).
		Inappropriate play with toys/no pretend play.

**Instructions for developmental milestones:** At least 90% of children should achieve the underlined milestones by this age. If you have checked "no" on *even one* of the underlined items, or if you have checked one of the **boxed items** (abnormal behavior at this age), refer the child for a formal developmental assessment.

Notes: Immunization schedules are from the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practice of the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Parents and providers may call Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies with questions or concerns on childhood development.